

Ασκ Αν  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{f(x) - x^3}{x^2 - 1} = 2$

Να βρεθεί το  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{f(x) - x}{\sqrt{x} - 1}$

Λύση

Θέτω

$$g(x) = \frac{f(x) - x^3}{x^2 - 1} \quad \Leftrightarrow$$

$$g(x) \cdot (x^2 - 1) = f(x) - x^3 \Leftrightarrow g(x)(x^2 - 1) + x^3 = f(x) \quad (1)$$

επομένως

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{f(x) - x^3}{x^2 - 1} = 2 \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} g(x) = 2 \quad (2)$$

Αρα  $\lim_{x \rightarrow L} f(x) = L$

Υπολογισμός του  $\lim_{x \rightarrow L} \frac{f(x) - L}{\sqrt{x} - 1}$

$x \neq 0$   
 $x \neq 1$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{g(x)(x-1) + x^3 - x}{\sqrt{x} - 1} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{g(x)(x^2-1) + x(x^2-1)}{\sqrt{x} - 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x^2-1) \cdot (g(x) + x)}{\sqrt{x} - 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x+1)(g(x) + x)(\sqrt{x} + 1)}{(\sqrt{x} - 1)(\sqrt{x} + 1)}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\cancel{(x-1)} (x+1) (g(x)+x) (\sqrt{x+1})}{\cancel{x-1}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} [(x+1) (g(x)+x) (\sqrt{x+1})]$$

$$(1+1) \cdot (2+1) \cdot (2+1) =$$

$$2 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = 12$$

Τεστ 1 κ4

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{f(x) - x}{\sqrt{x} - 1} = 12$$